## Semi-Linear Systems of Weakly Coupled Classical Waves

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## Abstract

Let us consider the following model of semi-linear systems of weakly coupled classical waves

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - \Delta u + b_1(t)u_t = |v|^p, (t, x) \in [0, \infty), x \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ v_{tt} - \Delta v + b_2(t)v_t = |u|^q \\ (u, u_t, v, v_t)(0, x) = (u_0, u_1, v_0, v_1)(x), x \in \mathbb{R}^n \end{cases}$$

for  $n \leq 4$  and p, q > 1. Our aim is to investigate the global existence of  $\mathcal{C}([0,\infty), H^1) \cap \mathcal{C}^1([0,\infty), L^2)$  solutions for small initial data. In particular, we suppose an effective dissipation (i.e.  $b_1(t), b_2(t)$  are positive, monotone and  $|b'_1(t)| = o(b_1^2(t)), |b'_2(t)| = o(b_2^2(t))$  as  $t \mapsto \infty$ ) for both damping terms of the system.

We use Matsumura type estimates for a family of parameter-dependent Cauchy problems along the lines of [1] to estimate the decay of the solutions under some conditions on p, qdepending on the classical Fujita exponent  $p_{Fuj}(n)$  or  $q_{Fuj}(n)$ .

We show further that for  $p \neq q$ ,  $\min(p,q) < p_{Fuj}(n) < \max(p,q)$  one obtains a loss of decay of the solutions compared to the case p = q,  $p > q_{Fuj}(n)$  and the scalar case.

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